

na⁴har-gu₂-gil

neck ring, torc ('ring' + 'neck' + 'to cross; to lie athwart').

HAR-ha-da

a threshing sledge, *tribulum*, a raft-like lattice of staves bound in place with leather and with bitumen holding in place the thick flint blades inserted between the staves that cut the crop when dragged over the field by mules (millstone + many + with; cf., (giš)za-ha-da, mur, and mur-gu₄; cf., Akkadian *mur(u)dū(m)*, 'lattice, grating', and *harādu(m)* III, 'to fit together, fabricate, mat, battering ram').

gišhar-har

a musical instrument; chain (reduplicated 'ring, bracelet') (cf., kikkīn₂).

gišhar-mušen-na

bird snare ('ring' + 'bird' + genitive).

har-ra-an; ha-ra-an

road, path, way; route, passage; journey, caravan (Akkadian loanword, *harrānu(m)*, from a 5,000 year-old city at the intersection of trade routes to Anatolia and the Mediterranean, mentioned in mid-3rd millennium Ebla tablets as *har-ra-nu^{ki}*).

hara₅

spout; vessel with a large spout (ha, optative prefix, + ra, 'to branch out from the side of').

harub [DAG. KISIM₅×U₂. GİR₂]

carob.

haš, haz

n., wood shavings; pieces of cut wood (ha₂, 'numerous', + ša₅, 'to cut, break' or ze₂, 'to cut, pluck').

v., to break or cut off (twigs, branches); to snap a reed; to clear away, strip off plants from land; to break up; to pulverize; to thresh grain.

haš₂; haš₄

lower abdomen; loins; back; upper thighs (ha₂, 'mixture', + a, 'water/urine', + še₁₀, 'excrement'; cf., etymology of šag₄).

haš₄...dug₄/du₁₁/e

to have sexual relations ('loins' + 'to do').

haš₄...ša₂-ša₂

to rejoice ('loins' + 'to place').

haš₄...tal₂ [PI]

to rejoice ('upper thighs' + 'to spread, unfold').

(giš)hašhur

apple (tree); apples found dried and kept on strings in the Royal Cemetery of Ur (haš, 'to break off (twigs or branches)', + gurun; gur₂, 'fruit; sphere') [HAŠHUR archaic frequency: 101].

(giš)hašhur-kur-ra

pear (tree) (Akk. *kamiššaru(m)*); quince (tree) (Akk. *supurgillu(m)*); apricot (?) (tree) (Akk. *armannu(m)*) ('foreign apple', 'apple from the east').

(giš)hašhur-ma-da

pear (tree) (Akk. *kamiššaru(m)*) ('apple of the district').

haz

(cf., haš).

gišhaz...aka

(cf., giš-haš...aka).

he, hi

to mix [HI archaic frequency: 291].

he₍₂₎

abundance; abundant.

he-bad^{mušen}

a diving water-fowl ('numerous' + 'to go away').

he₂

optative and affirmative verbal prefix; 'let it be', 'be it', 'indeed' (same as ha).

he₂-...nam-...

let it be.